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ST. LUCIA ISLAND.

Report from Castries—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Urquhart reports, July 20:
 Week ended July 18. Sanitary condition of this port and vicinity good; no quarantinable diseases exist.

TURKEY.

Report from Constantinople—Measures taken to prevent introduction of Malta or Mediterranean fever.

The following is received from Consul-General Ozmun, under date of July 14:

The following notice is received from the Sublime Porte through the embassy, regarding the measures taken by the Imperial Ottoman Government against the introduction of the Malta or Mediterranean fever:

It has been decided by the Imperial Ottoman Government as a measure of public health to prohibit the importation into the Empire, of sheep, goats, or other animals originating in the island of Malta, also their products such as milk, cheese and meat which contain the germs of fever known as Malta or Mediterranean fever.

VENEZUELA.

Report from La Guaira—Plague conditions improved—Port practically closed to foreign commerce—Coastwise commerce permitted under quarantine.

Vice-Consul Betow reports, July 7:

The sanitary conditions of La Guaira have materially improved, only 1 case of plague having appeared since June 19.

One case occurred at Maiquetia, a suburb of La Guaira, June 28.

The physicians who formerly attended the plague cases at this port have been recalled, and the leper hospital at Cabo Blanco, where the cases have been treated, has been closed to plague patients.

Mail for foreign countries and points beyond Caracas is not accepted at the La Guaira post-office.

By executive decree the port was declared open to the commerce of the world May 29. Subsequent cases having appeared, however, the port in effect remained closed, although the above-mentioned decree was not canceled.

Coastwise commerce is permitted with a quarantine of 5 days at Los Roques, some islands several leagues off the north coast of Venezuela.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

AUSTRALIA—*New South Wales—Newcastle.*—Month of May, 1908. Estimated population, 51,450. Total number of deaths, 42, including diphtheria 2 and 2 from tuberculosis.